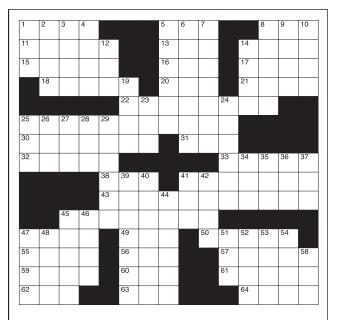
# NEWS

QUESTIONS OR COMMENTS? Contact Jason Jump at (620) 896-7311 or email jjump@atticaindependent.com

## PUZZLES SPONSORED BY:





33. Sesame

38. Forbid

41. A way to explain

45. Evoke or suggest

47. Ancient kingdom near Dead Sea

59. One point north of northeast

62. Hong Kong food stall:

43. Not around

49. Dekameter

57. Afflicted

60. Born of

61. Arabic name

pai dong

63. Not the start

64. Post

50. Fencing sword

55. "Luther" actor Idris

56. Affirmative (slang)

#### **CLUES ACROSS**

- 1. Computer manufacturer
- 5. Noted space station
- 8. Kurt Russell film "Captain"
- 11. Automaton 13. Everyone has one
- 14. Incline from the vertical
- 15. Fights
- 16. Dunn & Bradstreet (abbr.)
- 17. Finishes off
- 18. Places to store things
- 20. Dutch painter Gerard
- 21. Smaller quantity 22. There's a North, South
- and Central of these
- 25. In an early way
- 30. More spacious
- 31. Short-term memory
- 32. One who possesses

#### **CLUES DOWN**

- 1. Creative expression
- 2. Fiber from the outer husk
- of a coconut
- 3. City in ancient Syria
- 4. College army
- 5. More disturbed
- 6. Pays no attention to
- 7. Restored
- 8. Competitions
- 9. Lyric poems
- 10. Famed American lawman

City's Auditor Recommends Exceeding Revenue Neutral Rate

available until November.

is 80.104 this year for the

city of Attica. That means

levy 80.104 mills to raise

tax-levied dollars as last

year, which took 84.447.

the mill levy, Henson sug-

gested that commissioners

exceed the RNR for 2026

the city would only need to

the same amount of property

While the city could lower

#### **STAFF REPORT**

Christina Henson, a CPA with The Loyd Group, met with two Attica city council members and the mayor on Wednesday, June 18 to discuss the 2024 audit and the upcoming 2026 budget.

Councilmen Buckland "Buck" Smith and Paul Calvert were not in attendance so a quorum was not present.

major findings in the city's 2024 audit. The auditor told those

present that valuations were up for the city of Attica regarding mill levy revenue that is likely for 2026.

Last year a single mill raised \$3,267, while that same mill will generate \$3,444 in 2026. Assessed valuation went from \$3,266,971 in 2025 to an Henson said there were no estimated \$3,444,208. Final

## **PUBLIC NOTICE**

(Published in The Attica Independent on Thursday, June 26, 2025) 1t CITY OF ATTICA

Consumer Confidence Report - 2025 Covering Calendar Year – 2024

This brochure is a snapshot of the quality of the water that we provided last year. Included are the details about where your water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and state standards. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies. If you would like to observe the decisionmaking process that affect drinking water quality, please call LORI RYAN at 620-254-7216.

#### Your water comes from 5 Ground Water Well(s):

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as those with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791)

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) included rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in sources water before we treat it include: Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, livestock operations and wildlife Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturallyoccurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining or farming.

Pasticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as storm water run-off, agriculture, and residential users. Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or the result of mining activity,

Organic contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and also come from gas stations, urban storm water run-off, and septic systems

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulation which limits the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. We treat our water according to EPA's regulations. Food and Drug Administration regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water, which must provide the same protection for public health

#### Testing Results for: CITY OF ATTICA

#### valuation numbers are not and stay at 84.447 mills.

Last year the city of Attica The Revenue Neutral Rate received \$275,885.90 from property tax, while the city would received \$290,853.03 in 2026 with the same mill levy as last year.

> Real estate saw the largest gain in valuation from this year to 2026. Last year's total was \$2,812,457, while the 2026 preliminary real estate valuation came in at \$2,977,179.

Our water system is required to test a minimum of 2 samples per month in accordance with the Revised Total Collform Rule for microbiological contaminants. Coliform bacteria are usually harmless, but their presence in water can be an indication of disease-causing bacteria. When coliform bacteria are found, special follow-up tests are done to determine if harmful bacteria are

#### present in the water supply. If this limit is exceeded, the water supplier must notify the public.

#### Water Quality Data

The following tables list all of the drinking water contaminants which were detected during the 2024 calendar year. The presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate the water poses a health risk. Unless noted, the data presented in this table is from the testing done January 1- December 31, 2024. The state requires us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants are not expected to vary significantly from year to year. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, is more than one year old. The bottom line is that the water that is provided to you is safe.

#### **Terms & Abbreviations**

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): the "Goal" is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to human health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): Ihe "Maximum Allowed" MCL is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology. Secondary Maximum Contaminant Level (SMCL): recommended level for a contaminant that is not regulated and has no MCL

Action Level (AL): the concentration of a contaminant that, if exceeded, riggers treatment or other requirements

Treatment Technique (TT): a required process intended to reduce levels of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL): the highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants. Non-Detects (ND): lab analysis indicates that the contaminant is not present

Parts per Million (ppm): or milligrams per liter (mg/l)

Parts per Billion (ppb): or micrograms per liter (µg/l)

Picocuries per Liter (pCi/L): a measure of the radioactivity in water. Millirems per Year (mrem/yr): measure of radiation absorbed by the body. Monitoring Period Average (MPA): An average of sample results obtained during a defined time frame, common examples of monitoring periods are monthly, quarterly and yearly

Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU): a measure of the clarity of water. Turbidity in excess of 5 NTU is just noticeable to the average person. Turbidity is not regulated for groundwater systems.

Running Annual Average (RAA): an average of sample results obtained over the most current 12 months and used to determine compliance with MCLs. Locational Running Annual Average (LRAA): Average of sample analytical results for samples taken at a particular monitoring location during the previous four calendar quarters.

41. Feline 42. Does not tell the truth

- 45. Spiritual leader of a Jewish
- 34. Pitching stat 35. Pointed end of a pen 36. Pro sports league 37. Body part
- 40. Yellowish cotton cloth

44. Set out to attract

- 39. Inoffensive

29. Type of plane

14. Sc 19. Sa 23. Ce 24. Bi 25. Oi 26. Pr 27. Lc	cars atisfy entral E rass inst ne who ropel wi	gets paid th oars od of tin	river l to perfe	46 47 48 51 orm 52 53 54	. Repair . Genus . Tributa . Prejud	of flow ary of th ice opean ri	ering pla e High l	ants
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		3	2					
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							4	8
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	4				5			
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LLORARBO

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S M E N R P M K W

H W G B I L O S E K A R B

PTATEKULE

A K M K T N R T I O L S A R M I U

ASFIESLICMRNV

U K A S F I O S O H N N

T S E B D N U R K L C N R N B

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Regulated Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Value	Range (low/high)	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source
ARSENIC	5/20/2024	1.4	1.4	ppb	10	0	Erosion of natural deposits
BARIUM	5/20/2024	0.68	0.68	ppm	2	2	Discharge from metal refineries
METHOXYCHLOR	2/14/2022	0.0001	0-0.0001	MG/L	0.04	0.04	
NITRATE	1/8/2024	5.6	2.6 - 5.6	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use
SELENIUM	5/20/2024	1.5	1.5	dad	50	50	Erosion of natural deposits

Disinfection Byproducts	Period	RAA	(low/high)	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source
TOTAL HALOACETIC ACIDS (HAA5)	2024	4	3.6	ppb	60	0	By-product of drinking water disinfection
TTHM	2024	9	9.3	ppb	80	0	By-product of drinking water chlorination

There is no safe level of lead in drinking water. Exposure to lead in drinking water can cause serious health effects in all age groups. Infants and children can have decreases in IQ and attention span. Lead exposure can lead to new learning and behavior problems or exacerbate existing learning and behavior problems The children of women who are exposed to lead before or during pregnancy can have increased risk of these adverse health effects. Adults can have increased risks of heart disease, high blood pressure, kidney or nervous system problems.

Lead and Copper	Monitoring Period	90 <sup>th</sup> Percentile	Range (low/high)	Unit	AL	Sites Over AL	Typical Source
COPPER, FREE	2022 - 2024	0.2	0.031 - 0.23	ppm	1.3	0	Corrosion of household plumbing
LEAD	2022 - 2024	2.4	0 - 3.3	ppb	15	0	Corrosion of household plumbing

Lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. CITY OF ATTICA is responsible for providing high quality drinking water and removing lead pipes but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components in your home. You share the responsibility for protecting yourself and your family from the lead in your home plumbing. You can take responsibility by identifying and removing lead materials within your home plumbing and taking steps to reduce your family's risk. Before drinking tap water, flush your pipes for several minutes by running your tap, taking a shower, doing laundry or a load of dishes. You can also use a filter certified by an American National Standards Institute accredited certifier to reduce lead in drinking water. If you are concerned about lead in your water and wish to have your water tested, contact CITY OF ATTICA and [ADD CONTACT INFO]. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

The Revised Lead and Copper Rule requires water systems to develop and maintain a Service Line Inventory. The service line is the underground pipe that supplies your home or building with water. To view the Service Line Inventory, which lists the material type(s) for your location, you may view the inventory at: [Insert a direct link to the website or physical location/address where the inventory is publicly accessible to be viewed].

Chlorine/Chloramines Maximum Disinfection Level	MPA	MPA Units	RAA	RAA Units
2024 - 2024	3.0000	MG/L	1.4	MG/L

Radiological Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Value	Range (low/high)	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Typical Sou	rce	
COMBINED RADIUM (-226 & -228)	1/5/2021	1 1.61 1.61 PCI/L		5 0		Erosion of natural deposits			
Secondary Contaminants – N - No Federal Maximum Conta Established.				on Date	Highe	st Value	Range (low/high)	Unit	SMCL
ALKALINITY, TOTAL	5/20/202	5/20/2024			170	MG/L	300		
CALCIUM	5/20/202	5/20/2024			87	MG/L	200		
CHLORIDE	5/20/202	5/20/2024			93	MG/L	250		
CONDUCTIVITY @ 25 C UMH	5/20/202	5/20/2024			670	UMHO/CM	1500		
CORROSIVITY	5/11/202	21	0.31		0.31	LANG	0		
HARDNESS, TOTAL (AS CAC	03)		5/20/202	24	250		250	MG/L	400
MAGNESIUM			5/20/202	24	8.8		8.8	MG/L	150
PH			5/20/202	5/20/2024			7.6	PH	8.5
PHOSPHORUS, TOTAL			5/20/202	5/20/2024			0.086	MG/L	5
POTASSIUM			5/20/202	5/20/2024			1.3	MG/L	100
SILICA			5/20/202	5/20/2024			22	MG/L	50
SODIUM			5/20/202	24	45		45	MG/L	100
SULFATE			5/20/202	24	18		18	MG/L	250
TDS			5/20/202	24	480		480	MG/L	500

Please Note: Because of sampling schedules, results may be older than 1 year.

During the 2024 calendar year, we had the below noted violation(s) of drinking water regulations.

Compliance Period	Analyte	Comments
10/2/2023 - 3/13/2024	CONSUMER CONFIDENCE RULE	CCR ADEQUACY/AVAILABILITY/CONTENT

Additional Required Health Effects Language:

Nitrate in drinking water at levels above 10 ppm is a health risk for infants of less than six months of age. High nitrate levels in drinking water can cause blue baby syndrome. Nitrate levels may rise quickly for short periods of time because of rainfall or agricultural activity. If you are caring for an infant, you should ask for advice from your health care provider.

There are no additional required health effects violation notices.

### L C D T H E K R K K R K C A B L E M A C **DIPS AND FLIPS WORD SEARCH**

T T T M D V A T P D N E C S A

U H C E T O L W E G E S P N F A L T D F

AIRTIME, ANGLED, ASCEND, BANKING, BAR-REL ROLL, BOOMERANG, BRAKES, CAMEL-BACK, COASTER, COBRA ROLL, CORKSCREW, CURVES, DIVE, DROP, ELEVATED, FLOOR-LESS, GRAB BARS, INVERSION, LAUNCH, LOOPS, STANDUP, TURNAROUND, TWISTER, WOODEN